

# AFCI Fuel Development Update: Metallic Fuel & Irradiation Testing



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#### **Outline**



- Review of Issues
- Fabrication of Metal Fuel for AFC-1
- Characterization (results to date)
  - Pu-60Zr
  - Pu-40Zr
  - Pu-12Am-40Zr
- Irradiation Testing
- Summary





# Fuel Issues Associated with Transmutation



#### Fuel performance

- High He generation rate during (and after) irradiation due to Am-241 and Cm-244
- Am transport during irradiation
- Actinide compatibility with cladding
- Formation of low-melting-temperature phases

#### Fabrication and fuel recycle

- Compatibility with remote fuel recycle (incl process complexity concerns
- Loss goal < 0.1% during refabrication</li>
- Volatility of Am during thermal processing
- Cm is hard to handle, high  $\alpha$ -decay heat





# Inert Matrix (Zr) and Actinide (Pu,Np,Am) Single Element Phases Pioneering Scient

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Im3m (bcc)	ε-Pu 483°C	γ <b>-Np</b> 576°C	γ <b>-Am</b> 1077°C	β-Zr 863°C
Fm3m (fcc)	δ-Pu 320°C	-	β <b>-Am</b> 769°C	-
P6 <sub>3</sub> /mmc (hcp)	-	-	$\alpha$ -Am	$\alpha$ -Zr
Fddd	γ-Pu	_	-	-
P42 <sub>1</sub> 2	-	$\beta$ -Np	-	-
Pnma	-	$\alpha$ -Np	_	_



# **Fuel Fabrication Challenges**



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#### **Phase Relations in Metallic Systems**

Pu-Zr documented

Pu-Am documented in Pu rich region

Pu-Np documented

Np-Zr limited data (conflicting results)

Np-Am limited data

Am-Zr no data

Pu-Np-Am limited theoretical

Pu-Np-Zr no data

Pu-Am-Zr no data

Np-Am-Zr no data

Pu-Np-Am-Zr no data





# Pu-Zr Based Metallic Alloys

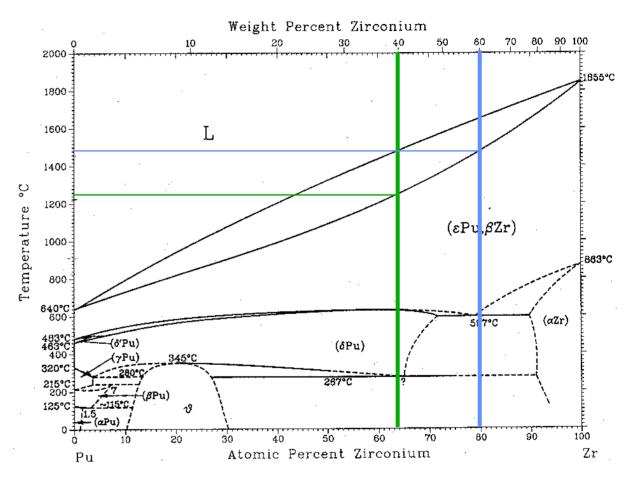


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# Pu-Zr based fuels for irradiation testing in AFC-1

- Pu-40Zr
- Pu-Am-40Zr
- Pu-Am-Np-40Zr
- Pu-Np-40Zr

• Pu-60Zr



Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Vol. 3 Ed. T.B. Massalski, ASM Int'l (1990)



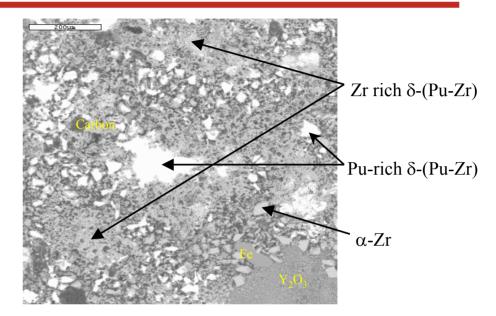


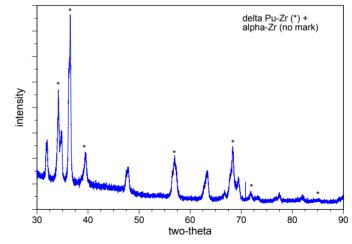
### **Powder Metallurgy Route to Pu-Zr**



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- Developed as low temperature fabrication route to prevent Am loss
  - Hot pressing
- Inhomogeneous microstructure after processing at ~ 800°C
- High impurity content
- Complex process impractical remote process scale-up
  - Powder handling
  - Material loss
  - Time







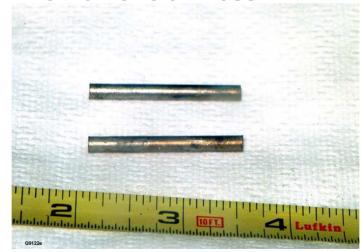
### **Arc Melting to Cast Fuel**

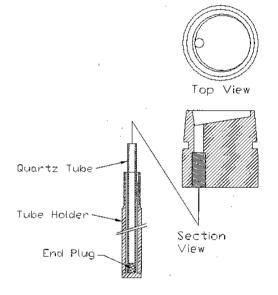


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- Simple process
- Short melt times at high temperature
  - Total melt times < 60 seconds</li>
  - Temperature > 2000°C
- Good alloy homogeneity
- Low americium loss



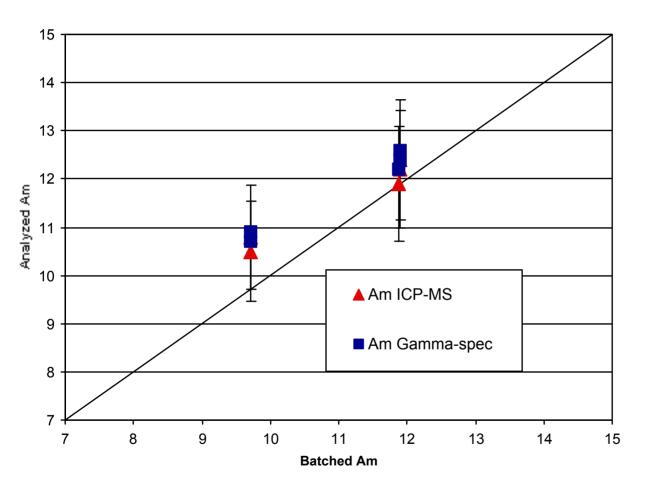






#### **Americium Loss Data**





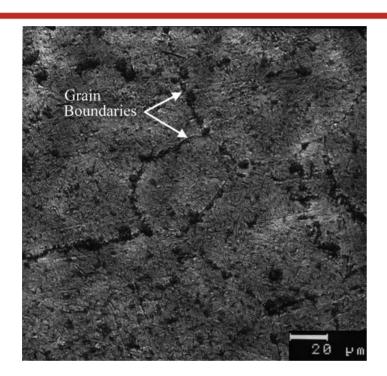
- Results from arccasting Pu-Am-Zr and Pu-Am-Np-Zr
- Other rapid melting techniques such as induction skull melting (ISM) can also have melt cycle times on the order of 60 seconds
- Am loss during fabrication is not a critical issue for metal fuel

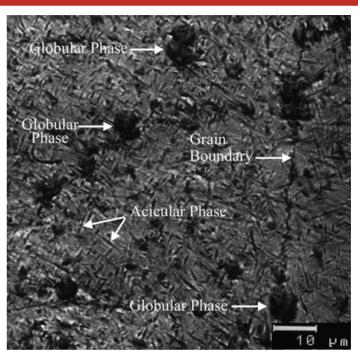




#### Pu-60Zr







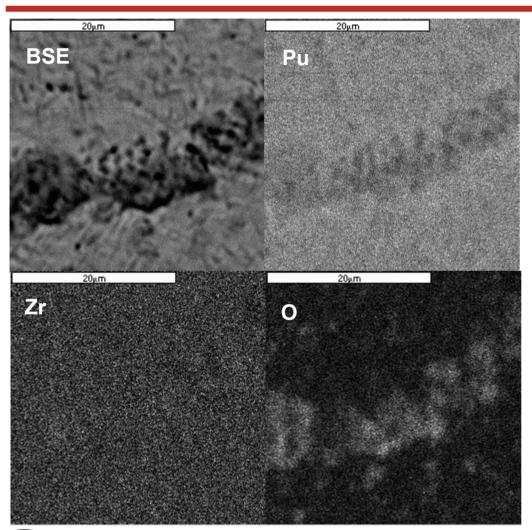
- As-cast microstructure lowest fuel fabrication cost
- SEM images show multi-phase structure
  - Matrix, acicular phase
  - Grain boundaries decorated with second phase(s)
- Measured density = 8.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>



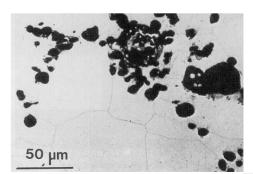


#### As-cast Pu-60Zr





- Chemistry differences between acicular phase and matrix phase cannot be resolved using SEM/EDS
- EDS indicates that grain boundary phase is plutonium depleted and oxygen rich
- Uniform distribution of zirconium
- Similar phase in U-20Pu-10Zr

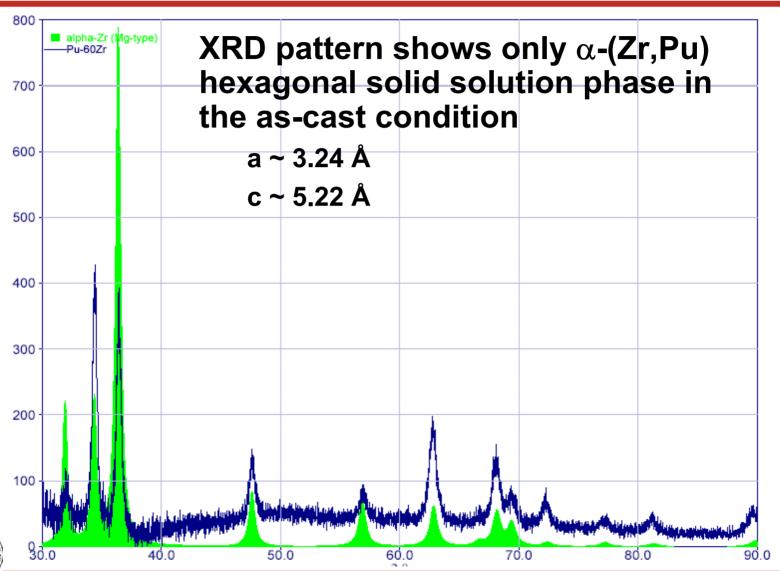






#### Pu-60Zr XRD



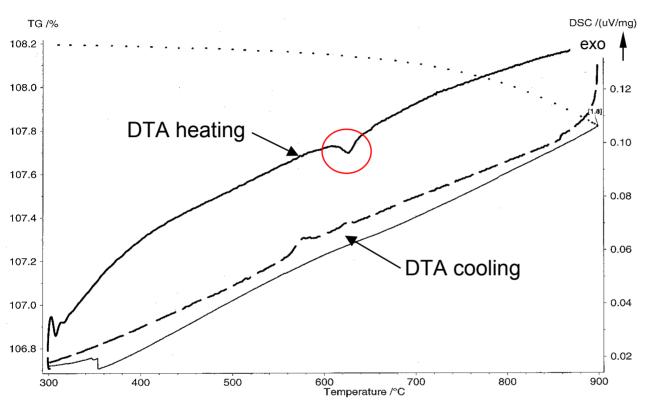


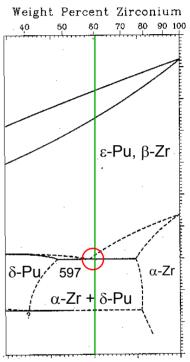


### **Pu-60Zr Thermal Analysis**



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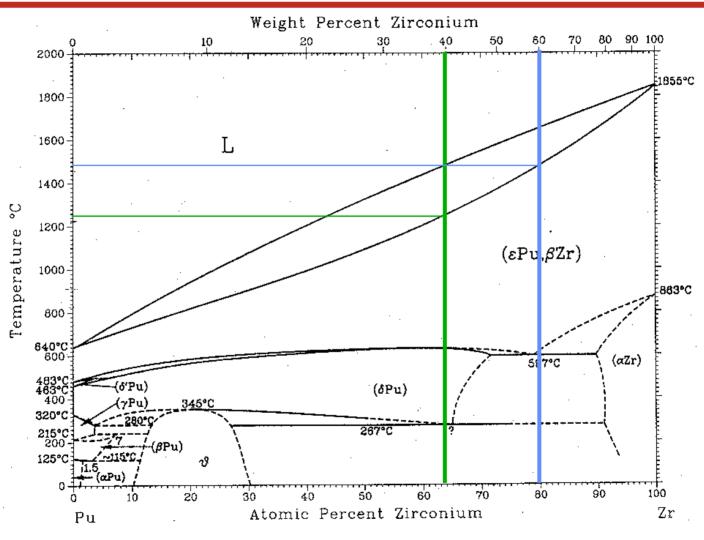
**DTA** shows repeatable transformation  $\alpha$ -Zr + δ-Pu  $\longrightarrow$  ε-Pu, β-Zr solid solution Oxidation prevents further interpretation



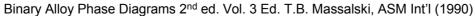


#### Pu-40Zr





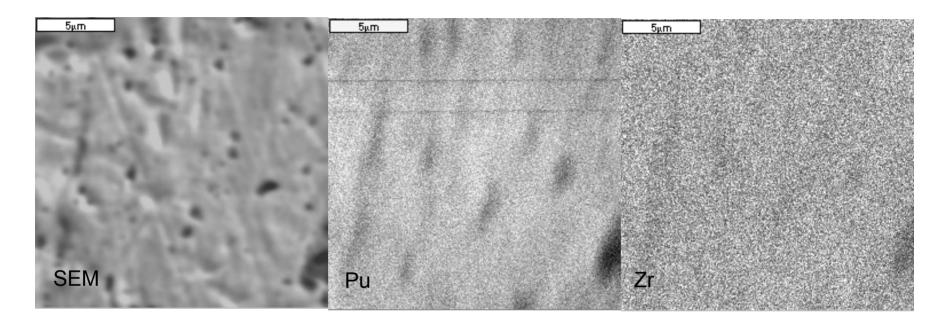






#### Pu-40Zr



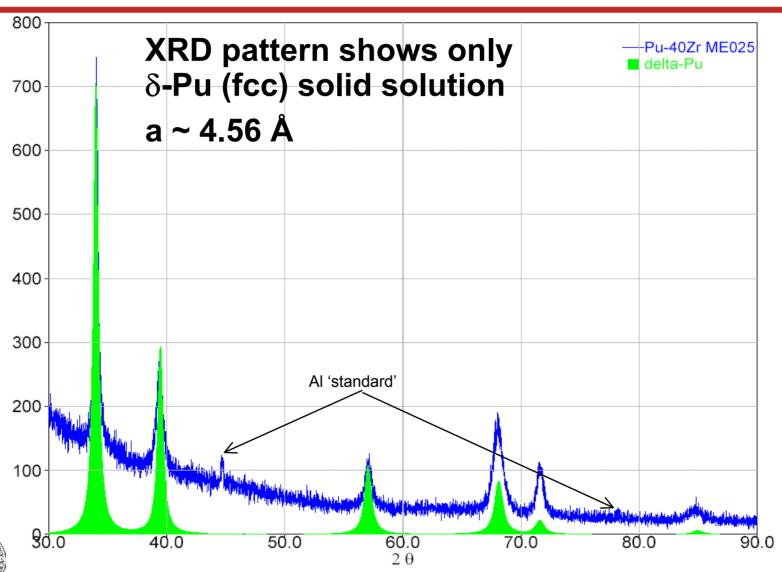


- Single phase alloy
- **SEM/EDS** shows uniform distribution of Pu-Zr
- Some porosity present in as-cast microstructure
- Measured density = 10.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>





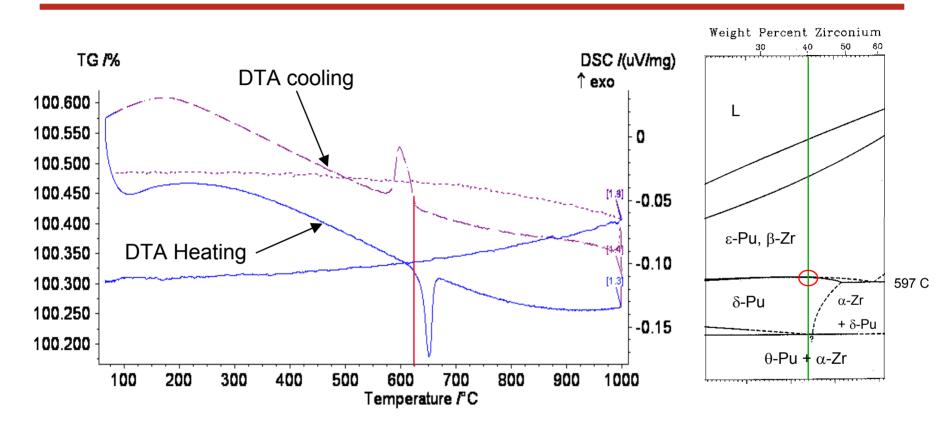
#### Pu-40Zr XRD



### Pu-40Zr Thermal Analysis



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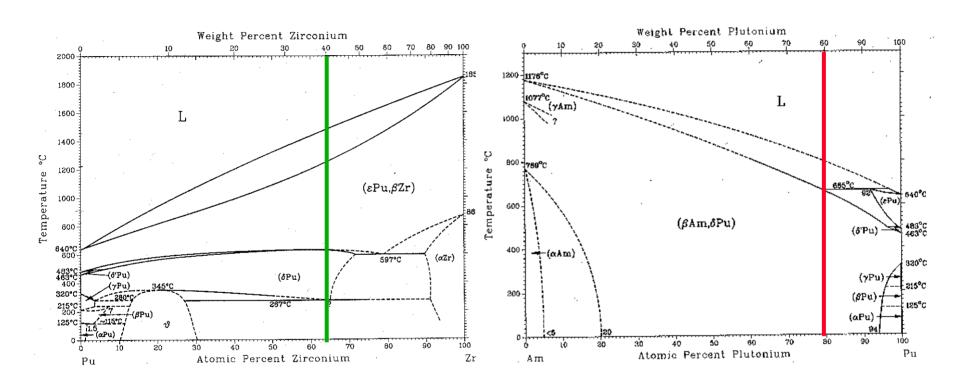
**DTA** shows repeatable transformation  $\delta$ -Pu (fcc)  $\longrightarrow$  ε-Pu, β-Zr (bcc) ~625°C







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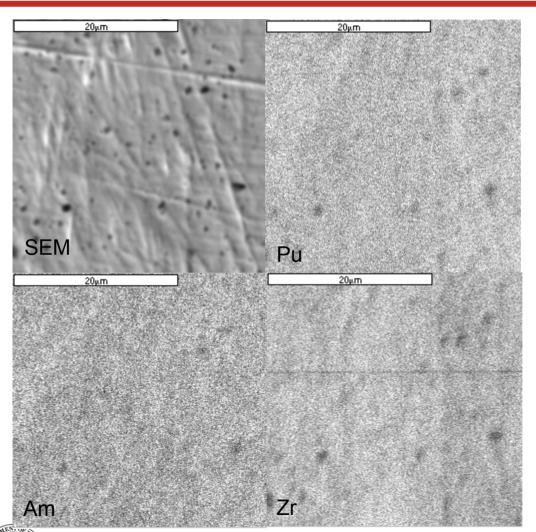


- Wide region of  $\delta$ -Pu,  $\beta$ -Am (fcc) stability
- Am increases binary alloy solidus temperature



#### Pu-12Am-40Zr





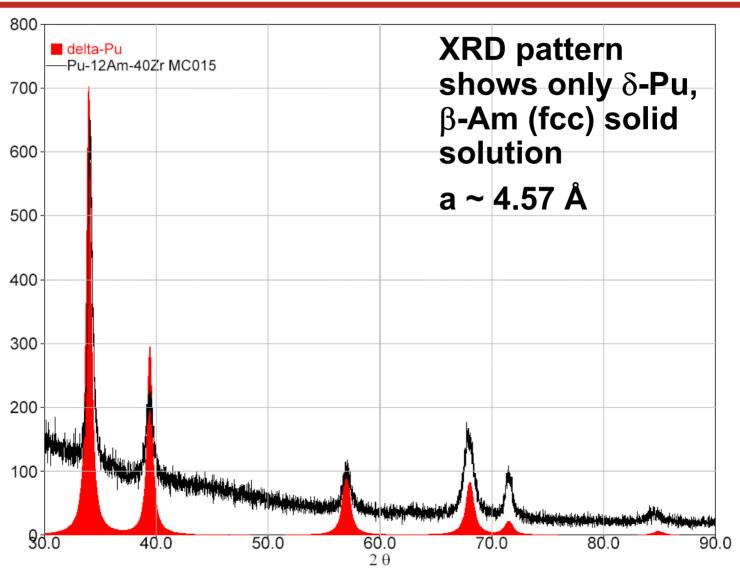
- SEM/EDS shows a single phase alloy with a uniform distribution of Pu, Am, and Zr
- Measured density
- $= 9.9 \text{ g/cm}^3$





#### Pu-12Am-40Zr XRD

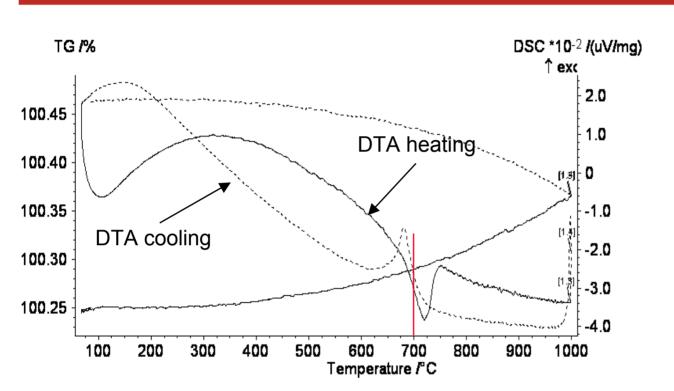


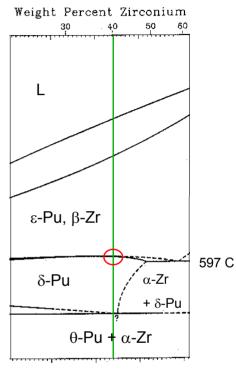


# Pu-12Am-40Zr Thermal Analysis



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Higher transition temperature (~700°C) relative to Pu-40Zr (~625°C) may indicate expansion of the  $\delta$ -Pu phase field in Am-bearing alloy





### **Processing, Chemical and Physical Characteristics for Pu-Np-Zr samples**



		nposi Wt. %		Number o	of Melts	Average	Theoretical		
Pin Number	Pu	Np	Zr	Homo- genization Castin		Density g/cm3	Density* g/cm3		
MB008	49.8	8.8	40.4	5	2	10.33	10.82		
MB010	50.3	7.9	41.6	7	3	10.27	10.72		



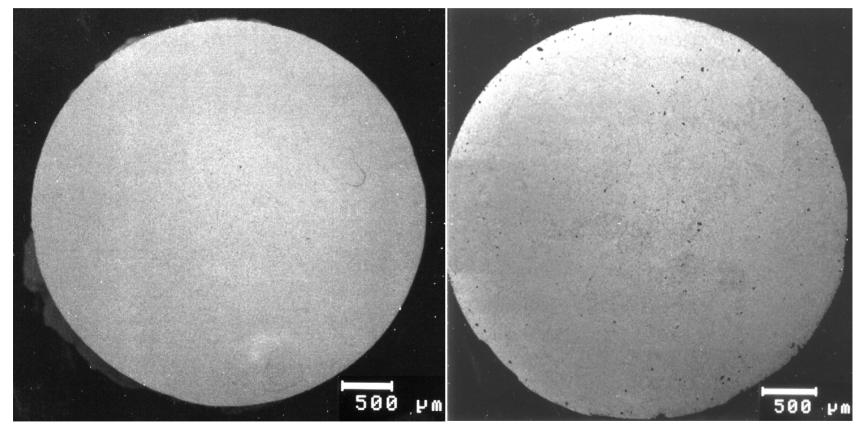


<sup>\*</sup> each composition contains ~0.2 wt.% Am and assumes ideal solution behavior



Pu-40Zr

#### Pu-10Np-40Zr



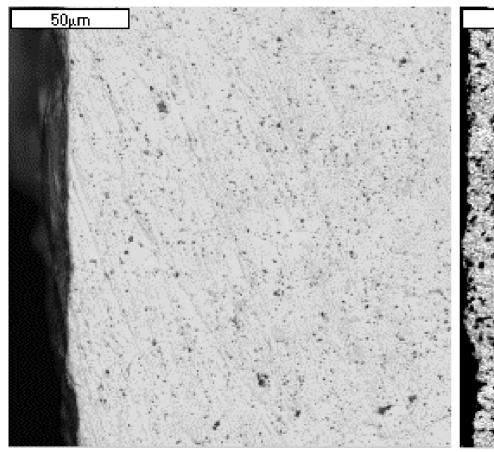


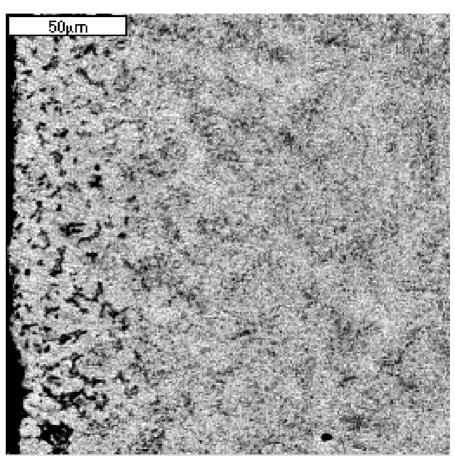




#### Pu-40Zr edge

Pu-10Np-40Zr edge





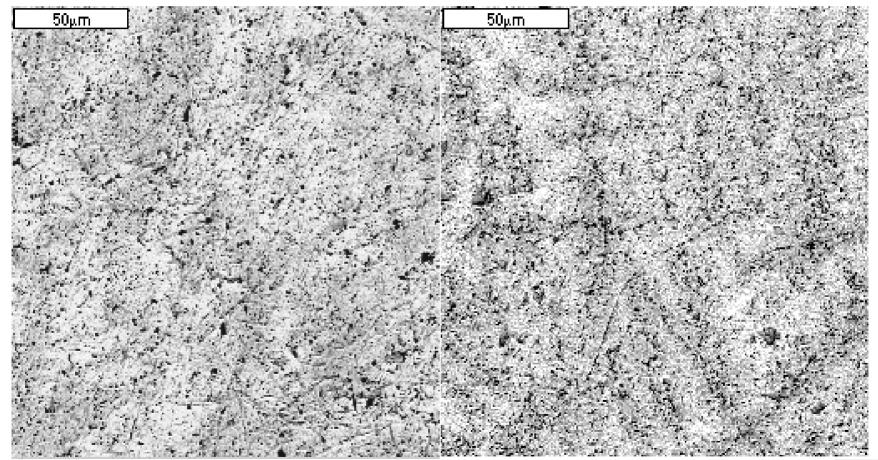






#### Pu-40Zr

#### Pu-10Np-40Zr

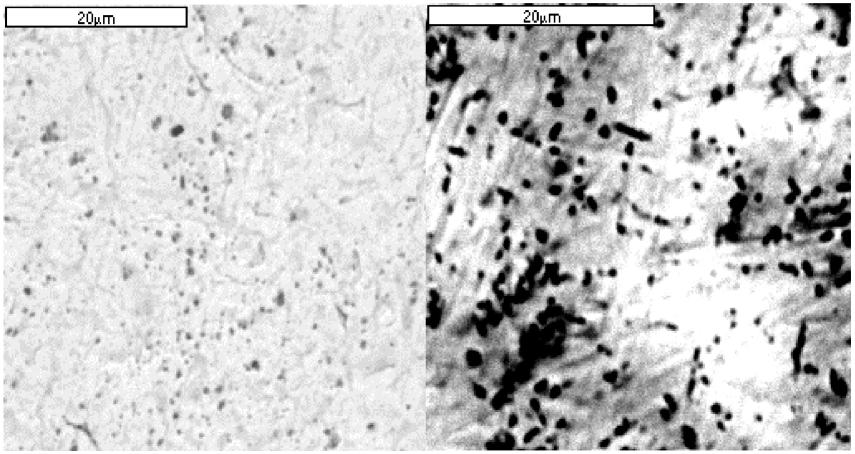








#### Pu-10Np-40Zr Pu-40Zr



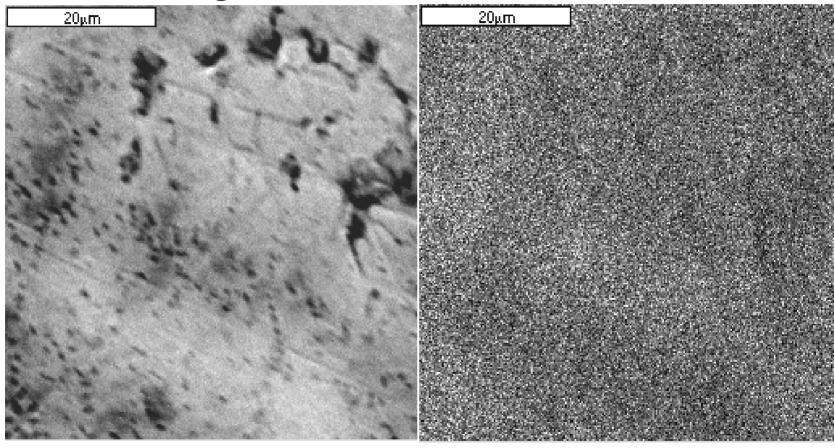


# X-ray Maps of As-Cast Pu-10Np-40Zr



Backscatter Image





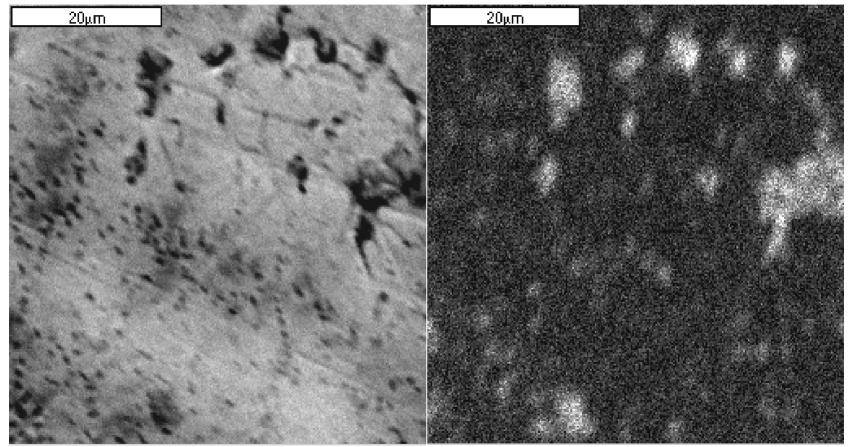




# X-ray Maps of As-Cast Pu-10Np-40Zr

Backscatter Image

Oxygen



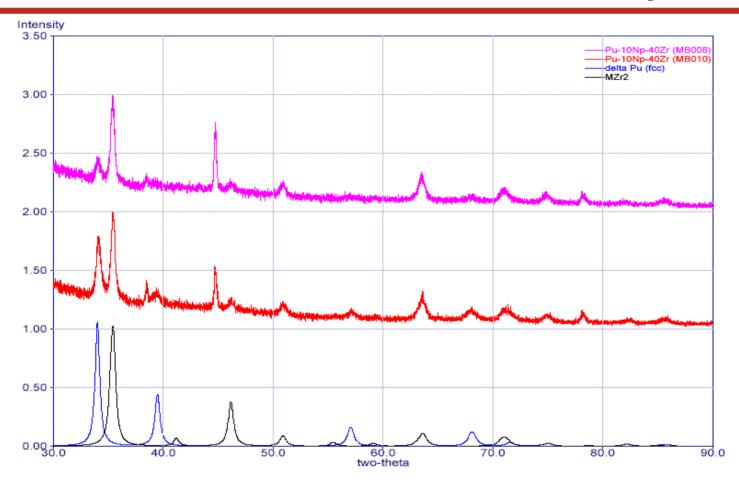




# Powder XRD for Pu-10Np-40Zr



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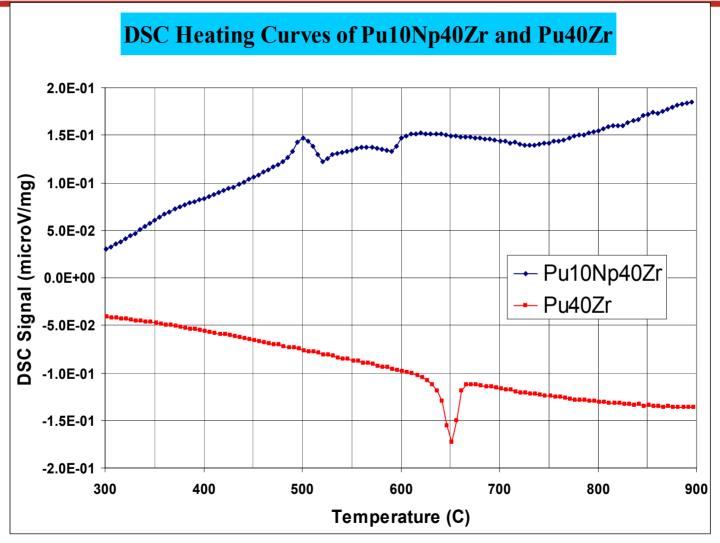
 $\delta$ - $(Pu_{1-x}Np_x)Zr$ : a = 4.565 Å  $\delta$ - $(Pu_{1-x}Np_x)Zr_2$ : a = 5.055 Å, c = 3.123 Å





# Thermal analysis



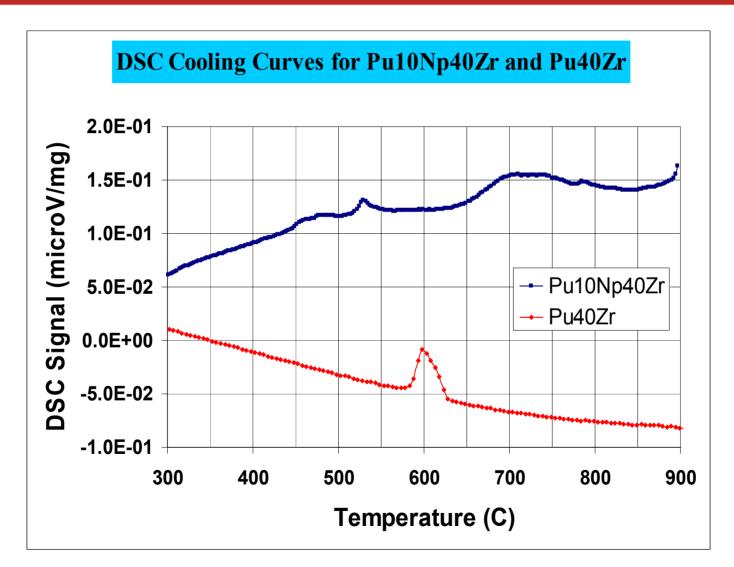






# Thermal analysis





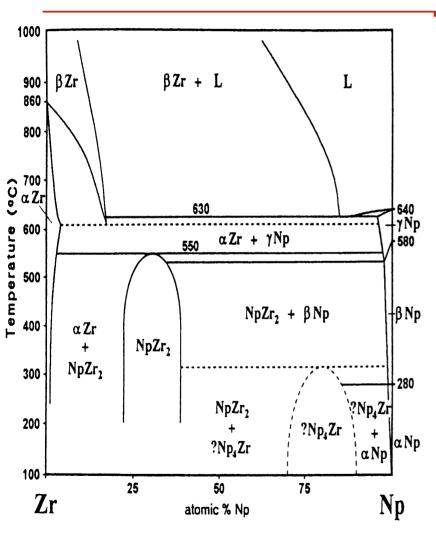


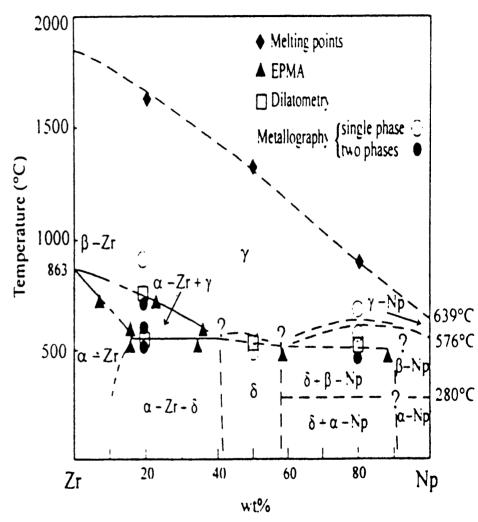


# Proposed Np-Zr Phase Diagrams



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#### **AFC-1 Test Series Schedule**



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- Current AFC-1 Test Series Schedule
  - Likely delay of A-D due to basket and INEEL funding
  - Likely delay of E-H due to INEEL funding
  - ATR CIC scheduled for Feb-04, but slight delay is possible

		IRRADIATION TEST DURATION													
		2002		2003							2004				
Test	Fuel Types	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN
AFC-1A	Non-Fertile Nitride														
AFC-1B	Non-Fertile Metal														
AFC-1C	Non-Fertile Nitride														
AFC-1D	Non-Fertile Metal														
AFC-1E	Low-Fertile Nitride														
AFC-1F	Low-Fertile Metal														
AFC-1G	Low-Fertile Nitride														
AFC-1H	Low-Fertile Metal														



# AFC-1A, -1B, -1C and -1D Fuel Test Matrix



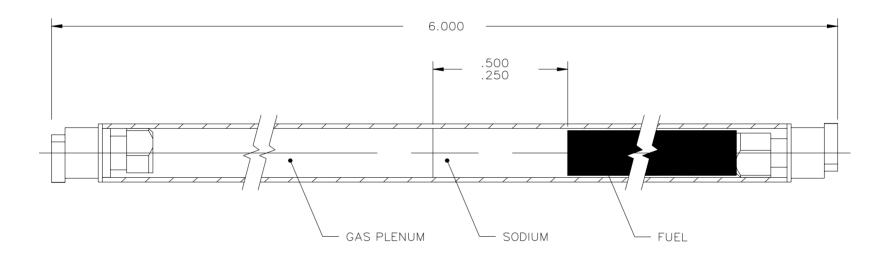
- Six vertically-stacked rodlets per irradiation vehicle
- Low smear density, Na-bonded fuels to allow for swelling

	EXPERIMENT						
Rodlet	ATW-1A & -1C	ATW-1B & -1D					
1	(Pu <sub>0.2</sub> ,Am <sub>0.8</sub> )N-36ZrN	Pu-12Am-40Zr					
2	(Pu <sub>0.8</sub> ,Am <sub>0.2</sub> )N-36ZrN	Pu-10Am-10Np-40Zr					
3	(Pu <sub>0.5</sub> ,Np <sub>0.5</sub> )N-36ZrN	Pu-40Zr					
4	PuN-36ZrN	Pu-12Am-40Zr					
5	(Pu <sub>0.50</sub> ,Am <sub>0.25</sub> ,Np <sub>0.25</sub> )N-36ZrN	Pu-10Np-40Zr					
6	(Pu <sub>0.5</sub> ,Am <sub>0.5</sub> )N-36ZrN	Pu-60Zr					



# **AFC-1 Rodlet Design**



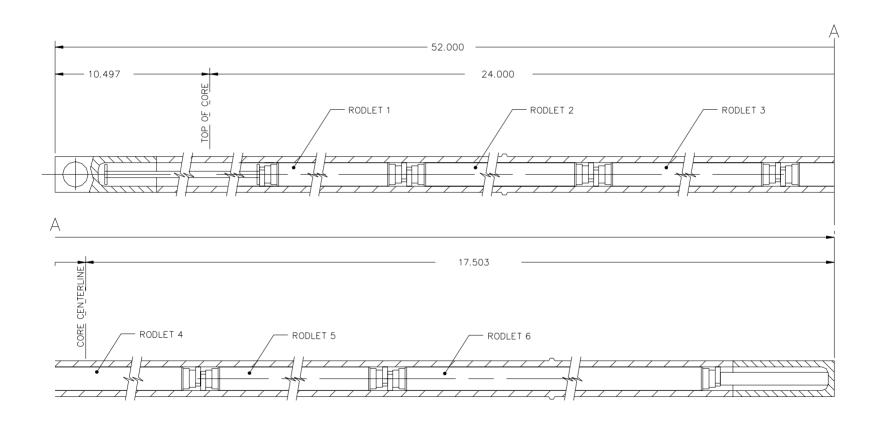






# **AFC-1 Capsule Design**







# **FUTURIX Irradiation Experiment**



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#### International collaboration between DOE and CEA

- Collaboration in final stages of being formalized
- Irradiation scheduled to begin in April 2006
- Irradiation for 2 cycles (240 EFPD's) prior to Phénix termination
- Discharge burnups ~8%; Am-241 transmutation >20%

#### Experiment design

- Will employ standard Phénix stainless steel cladding
- Experimental fuel pin design (10 cm fuel column; large gas plena)
- 8 test pins incorporated into 19-pin experimental subassembly
- Fuels fabricated at ANL, LANL, CEA and ITU
- Fuels encapsulated into pins at ITU
- Experimental subassembly assembled at CEA



# **FUTURIX Irradiation Experiment (2)**



#### **FUTURIX** fuel test matrix

- Test revised to include non-fertile and low-fertile compositions
- 2 metallic alloy fuels (Na-bonded) - ANL to fabricate
- 2 nitride fuels (Na-bonded) LANL to fabricate
- 2 non-fertile oxide fuels (He-bonded) **CEA** to fabricate
- 1 fertile oxide; 1 cermet fuel - ITU to fabricate

#### FY-03 activities

- Finalize experiment design; submit Presentation Report
- Fabrication facility preparation
- Begin R&D phase on test fuels
  - » Establish test fuel fabrication process
  - » Characterize test fuel compositions
  - » QA Plan to be developed and approved



# **FUTURIX Irradiation Experiment (3)**



- Future U.S. Deliverables & Milestones
  - Input to Technical Report due April-04
  - Report on R&D Phase due Jun-04
  - Fuel Specification/Fabrication Control Plan due Sept-04
  - Fuel Fabrication complete Jun-05; Fabrication Report due Jun-05
  - Fuel Delivery to ITU in Jul-05
  - Input to Safety Report due Aug-05
- Irradiation Begins April 2006
- Irradiation Ends February 2008
- PIE Complete with Final Data Exchange by October 2010





# Summary

- AFC-1
  - fabrication mostly on schedule, with some minor issues to resolve
  - Basket problem being addressed by INEEL
  - CR funding for INEEL is an issue that can impact schedule
- **Futurix** 
  - Schedule for preparation of experiment discussed in detail at DOE/CEA mtg on Jan 14, 15 and agreed upon
  - Some urgency is nearing for contract/agreement
- Series of Pu-Zr based alloys fabricated for AFC-1 irradiation test
  - Alloys have been encapsulated with Na in cladding tubes
  - Awaiting irradiation beginning in March 2003
- Powder processing did not produce desired product
- Arc casting worked well
  - Low americium loss due to short melt times
  - Good alloy homogeneity
  - Other processes possible for large-scale fabrication
  - Americium loss not an issue



# **Summary (cont.)**



- Alloy characterization (results to date)
  - Pu-60Zr:  $\alpha$ -Zr by XRD
  - Pu-40Zr: single phase  $\delta$ -Pu
  - Pu-12Am-40Zr
    - » First data on this ternary alloy
    - » Single-phase  $\delta$ -Pu
  - Pu-10Np-10Zr
    - » First data on this ternary alloy
    - » Two-phase fcc  $\delta$ -(Pu,Np)Zr and hexagonal  $\delta$ -(Pu,Np)Zr<sub>2</sub>
    - » Oxygen impurities appear to have influenced microstructure
    - » Initial thermal analysis results are inconclusive regarding formation of low-melting-temperature phases
    - » Continued characterization to include TMA/dilatometry and high-temp x-ray diffraction studies
    - » Proceeding to obtain quality Np feedstock



#### **Review and Conclusions**



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- Modified arc-melting technique acceptable for fabrication of experimental fuel pins and characterization samples.
- As-cast products in the "Pu-10Np-40Zr" regime identified as the fcc  $\delta$ -(Pu<sub>1-x</sub>Np<sub>x</sub>)Zr solid solution and the hexagonal  $\delta$ -(Pu<sub>1-x</sub>Np<sub>x</sub>)Zr<sub>2</sub> phase domain. Pu-40Zr only fcc  $\delta$ -PuZr.
- Oxygen impurities in feedstock charge may have and are suggested to have influenced products formed.
- Preliminary thermal analysis studies inconclusive as to melting behavior due to severe oxidation of sample.
- Continuing with thermal characterization to include thermomechanical/dilatometry and high temperature XRD studies.
- Proceeding to procure and/or purify quality Np feedstock.









